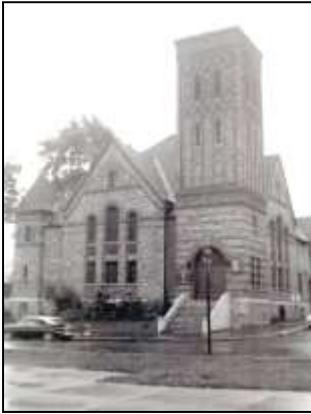


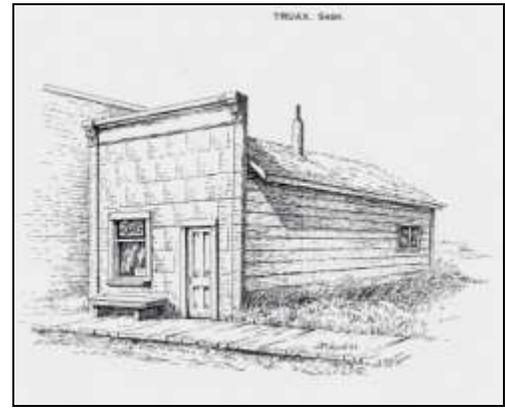
Frank Korvemaker, M.S.M.; S.A.A. (Hon.)

Archivist and Construction Historian

59 Compton Road, Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada S4S 2Y2



Presbyterian Church, Montreal



Dollar Land Company, Truax, Saskatchewan

Frank Korvemaker is a construction historian who was born in the Netherlands and educated in Eastern and Western Canada. He has worked in the field of heritage resource conservation, documentation and development for over half a century. His career officially started in May 1967, when he was employed by the National Historic Sites Service (now Parks Canada) as an historical archaeologist in Eastern Canada. In 1972 he returned to the West to become Curator of Artifacts for the Fort Edmonton Project. Then he worked for six years as Chief of Research for the Alberta's Historic Sites Service.

From 1979 to 2004 Frank worked in various capacities for the Heritage Branch of the Saskatchewan Government. As the Senior Historian, he undertook historical research on major aspects of Saskatchewan's history and built heritage. These studies resulted in important buildings being nominated for designation as Provincial Heritage Property. Frank was also responsible for developing legislation dealing with the preservation of Saskatchewan's heritage resources; and from 1990 to 1992 he co-ordinated the establishment of the Saskatchewan Heritage Foundation and served as its first Manager. Later he worked as the research and restoration advisor with the Foundation, primarily reviewing grant applications and conducting on-site audits for architectural restoration projects. For 12 years he also co-ordinated the development of the Claybank Brick Plant National Historic Site for the Foundation. (<https://claybankbrick.ca/>) During the 1990s, he was one of the initiators of the "Encyclopedia of Saskatchewan" project, and subsequently contributed several articles. From 2004 to 2013 Frank worked with the Saskatchewan Archives Board, where he transferred his focus from appraising and preserving heritage buildings to appraising and preserving historic documents. He also serves as the corporate archivist for the Saskatchewan Association of Architects.

Frank has been photographing historic buildings since he was 15 (top left photo), and was responsible for taking the majority of the Heritage Branch's collection of over 40,000 pre-digital photographs of historic buildings and structures throughout Saskatchewan. A number of these photographs were used in the 1986 coffee table book entitled "*Historic Architecture of Saskatchewan*". In 1991 he assisted with the publication of "*A Tower of Attraction: An Illustrated History of Government House, Regina*", and in 2004 with the production of the

Saskatchewan Architectural Heritage Society’s centennial publication entitled “*Building Our Future: A People’s Architectural History of Saskatchewan*”. During 2005 he assisted with a review of Yorkton’s history book, entitled “*Windows on Our History*”. In 2008 he co-authored with writer Margaret Hryniuk and photographer Larry Easton a coffee-table book entitled “*Legacy of Stone: Saskatchewan’s Stone Buildings*”, which received the Saskatchewan Book of the Year Award in 2009. A second book: “*Legacy of Worship: Sacred Places in Rural Saskatchewan*”, was released in October 2014. He was also a regular contributor to *WORTH: Saskatchewan’s Architectural Heritage Magazine* (formerly: *FAÇADE / Heritage Quarterly Saskatchewan*), including a regular column entitled: “*History Built Brick-By-Brick*”; while “*Musings from Claybank Frank*” is a column he writes for the Claybank Brick Plant Historical Society’s newsletter.

During 2006 and 2007 Frank was a member of the Regina Municipal Heritage Advisory Committee; and has provided assistance to the redevelopment of the “Roma at Three Rivers” project – the National Historic Site that he excavated on Prince Edward Island from 1968 to 1970. (<http://www.roma3rivers.com/>) As an offshoot of his work at Claybank, he is now actively involved with the development of the North American Virtual Brick Collection, a program designed to provide information on historic brick factories and their products. He has also served on built heritage award juries, and has advised individuals, organizations and communities on the preservation of heritage resources, including the Yorkton Brick Mill, the Melville City Hall, and the old Central School in Fort Qu’Appelle.

Between 2006 and 2010, he initiated and subsequently co-ordinated reconstruction of the Bell Farm round stone barn, located north of Indian Head. Built in 1882, the barn was Saskatchewan’s oldest agricultural structure and the oldest stone building in the province. (<http://www.bellbarn.ca/>) As an advisor to the Board, he continues to research the history of the Bell Farm and to contribute to the Society’s website.

Frank owns the former Dollar Land Company office, a small boomtown heritage building in Truax, located about 80 kilometres (50 miles) southwest of Regina (see sketch above). His efforts to preserve both this 1911 building and its 50 boxes of historic community and business records dating back to at least 1918, have given him a firsthand insight into some of the difficulties which local people face in preserving their architectural and documentary heritage.

Frank’s contribution to the preservation of Saskatchewan’s heritage resources has been recognized on several occasions:

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| ➤ Governor General of Canada | - Meritorious Service Medal |
| ➤ Architectural Heritage Society of Saskatchewan | - President’s Award & Lifetime Membership |
| ➤ Saskatchewan Association of Architects | - Honorary Lifetime Membership / Corporate Archivist |
| ➤ Province of Saskatchewan | - Saskatchewan Centennial Medal |
| ➤ Heritage Canada Foundation | - Lieutenant Governor’s Award |

Frank and his wife Toni live in Regina. They have four children, all but one residing in Saskatchewan. As well, they have seven grandchildren.